

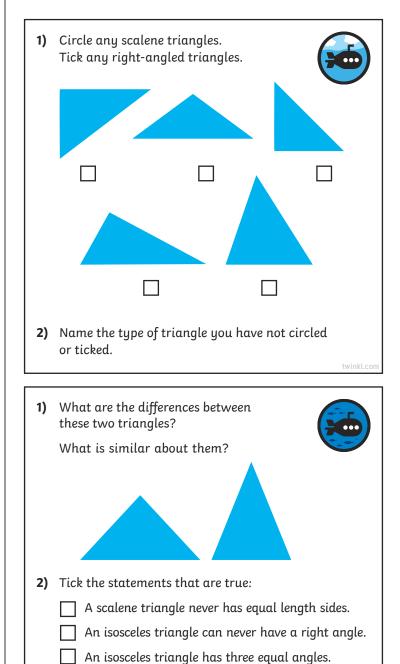
1) Here is a 4cm line:

Copy it into your book using a pencil

and ruler. Add two more sides to create an isosceles triangle. What are the lengths of the two new sides?

Without drawing two new sides, write the lengths of the two new sides needed to make an equilateral triangle.

- 2) Investigate:
 - How many different isosceles triangles can you make where the lengths of the sides are whole numbers (not decimals) that total 12cm? Draw or make your triangles to prove it.
- 3) The longest side of a triangle must be less than the other two sides added together. Investigate if this is always true.



Choose one of your true statements and prove it! 1) Here is a 4cm line: Copy it into your book using a pencil and ruler. Add two more sides to create an isosceles triangle. What are the lengths of the two new sides? Without drawing two new sides, write the lengths of the two new sides needed to make an equilateral triangle. 2) Investigate: How many different isosceles triangles can you make where the lengths of the sides are whole numbers (not decimals) that total 12cm? Draw or make your triangles to prove it. 3) The longest side of a triangle must be less than the other two sides added together. Investigate if this is always true.

An equilateral triangle has three equal length sides.

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